

Audit Findings

Kibblesworth Academy

Year ended 31 August 2021



Audit Findings | Kibblesworth Academy | Year ended 31 August 2021



The Board of Trustees Kibblesworth Academy West View Kibbleswoth Gateshead Tyne and Wear NE11 0XP

9 December 2021

Dear Trustees

Kibblesworth Academy Audit findings for the year ended 31 August 2021

This Audit Findings report highlights the significant findings arising from the audit for the benefit of those charged with governance. We appreciate that you may be aware of some of the matters contained in this report, however as required by International Standard on Auditing (UK) 260 we are communicating them to you formally.

As auditors we are responsible for performing the audit, in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)), which is directed towards forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements that have been prepared on behalf of management with the oversight of those charged with governance. The audit of the academy trust's financial statements does not relieve management or those charged with governance of their responsibilities for the preparation of the financial statements. The contents of this report relate only to those matters which came to our attention during the conduct of our normal audit procedures which are designed primarily for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.

Our report also includes details of recently released accounting standards and legislation which we would like to bring to your attention – see appendix III. This section is for information only. Appendix IV also lists all the "musts" that are included within the Academy Trust Handbook 2021.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and businesses services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.

Accounting | Tax | Audit | Advisory | Technology

Azets Audit Services is a trading name of Azets Audit Services Limited Registered in England & Wales Registered No. 09652677. VAT Registration No. 219 0608 22. Registered office: Churchill House, 59 Lichfield Street, Walsall, West Midlands, WS4 2BX. Registered to carry on audit work in the UK under Firm Number C004632199 and regulated for a range of investment business activities by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales. The term 'Board Director' is used to refer to a statutory director and principle of the company as registered at Companies House. Any other designations that include the term 'Partner' or 'Director' are not registered directors or principals of the registered company.





We would like to take this opportunity to record our appreciation for the kind assistance provided by your team during our audit. If we can be of any further assistance, please contact Joanne Regan.

Please note that the report has been prepared for the use of the Trustees and Management only.

Yours faithfully

Azets Audit Services

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and businesses services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.

Accounting | Tax | Audit | Advisory | Technology

Azets Audit Services is a trading name of Azets Audit Services Limited Registered in England & Wales Registered No. 09652677. VAT Registration No. 219 0608 22. Registered office: Churchill House, 59 Lichfield Street, Walsall, West Midlands, WS4 2BX. Registered to carry on audit work in the UK under Firm Number C004632199 and regulated for a range of investment business activities by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales. The term 'Board Director' is used to refer to a statutory director and principle of the company as registered at Companies House. Any other designations that include the term 'Partner' or 'Director' are not registered directors or principals of the registered company.





Contents

Executive summary	1
Materiality	
Significant findings	3
Significant findings Other findings	4
Going concern	6
Accounting policies, judgements, estimates and disclosures	7
Other communication requirements	8
Misstatements	9
Misstatements	
Internal controls – update on prior recommendations	
Independence	
Presentation of financial statements and approval process	
Appendix I – letter of representation - audit	
Appendix II – letter of representation - regularity	
Appendix III – Emerging issues – for information only	
Appendix IV – Academies Financial Handbook – The Musts	



Executive summary

Audit overview

This table summarises the key findings from the statutory audit of Riverside Primary Academy for the year ended 31 August 2021 for those charged with governance.

Audit opinion	 We do not propose any modifications to our audit opinion which is unqualified. We have no matters to report regarding the adoption of the going concern basis or inadequate disclosures relating to material uncertainties.
	 Our audit work is substantially complete and there are currently no matters which would require modification of our audit report.
Key findings on audit risks and other matters	 We have reported our audit findings on pages 3 - 8 and audit adjustments on page 9. The impact on the academy trust's reserves excluding the LGPS adjustment is £7k. We are pleased to report that the audit progressed well from our perspective and in accordance with the agreed timetable.
Audit adjustments	 We are required to communicate all potential adjustments, other than those considered to be clearly trivial, to management and to request that management corrects them. Details of the audit adjustments and potential adjustments are included on pages 9 and 10. The aggregate impact of unadjusted misstatements on the SOFA, were they to be processed, would result in a combined decrease to the trust's reserves of approximately £800 which is immaterial to the financial statements. Details of unadjusted misstatements are included on page 10.
Accounting systems and internal controls	 We have applied our risk-based methodology to your audit. This approach requires us to document, evaluate and assess your business processes and internal controls relating to the financial reporting process. Our audit is not designed to test all internal controls or identify all areas of control weakness. However, where, as part of our testing, we identify any control weaknesses, we have reported these to you on page 11.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Materiality

Whilst our audit procedures are designed to identify misstatements which are material to our audit opinion, we also report to those charged with governance and management any uncorrected misstatements of lower value errors to the extent that our audit identifies these.

Under ISA (UK) 260 'Communication with those charged with governance', we are obliged to report uncorrected omissions or misstatements other than those which are 'clearly trivial' to those charged with governance. ISA (UK) 260 defines 'clearly trivial' as matters that are clearly inconsequential, whether taken individually or in aggregate and whether judged by any quantitative or qualitative criteria.

An omission or misstatement is regarded as material if it would reasonably influence the users of the financial statements. The assessment of what is material is a matter of professional judgement and is affected by our assessment of the risk profile of the business and the needs of the users.

Our assessment of materiality for this year ended 31 August 2021 was calculated as follows.

	£	Explanation
Overall materiality for the financial statements	10,800	Accounts materially misstated where total errors exceed this value.
Performance materiality	8,100	Work performed to capture individual errors at this level.
Trivial threshold	540	All errors greater than this are reported.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Significant findings

Findings related to significant risks

Significant risks are defined by professional standards as risks that, in the judgement of the auditor, require special audit consideration. In identifying risks, we consider the nature of the risk, the potential magnitude of misstatement, and its likelihood. Significant risks are those risks that have a higher risk of material misstatement.

Risk	Audit approach	Audit findings and conclusion
Fraud in revenue recognition Under ISA (UK) 240 there is a presumed risk of fraud in relation to revenue recognition. The presumption is that the company could adopt accounting policies or recognise income in such a way as to lead to a material misstatement in the reported revenue position.	 Review and testing of revenues recognition policies Detailed substantive testing on all material revenue streams, including ESFA and local authority funding 	We are satisfied that income is free of material errors and is appropriately disclosed in the financial statements.
Management override of controls Under ISA (UK) 240 there is a presumed risk that management and trustees have the ability to process transactions or make adjustments to financial records outside of the normal financial control processes. Such transactions could lead to a material misstatement in the financial statements.	 Review of accounting estimates, judgement and decisions made by management Testing of journal entries Review of significant unusual transactions 	Our testing did not indicate any evidence of management override of controls.
Going concern Under ISA (UK) 570, there is a presumed risk that the academy trust may not be a going concern.	 Review of year end reserves Review of budgets for at least 12 months following the date the accounts are approved Review of future plans and commitments 	See our assessment of the work done on going concern below.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.

Other findings



Other identified risks	Audit approach	Audit findings and conclusion
Related parties		
Under ISA (UK) 550, there is a presumed risk that related party transactions may be inaccurate or misstated within the financial statements	 Review of completeness of declared related parties Review of accounting records for potential additional transactions Review of compliance with ESFA regulations Discussions with management 	We have not identified any undisclosed related party transactions.

LGPS liability and disclosures

There is a risk that the liability and disclosures in respect of the local government pension scheme liability may be materially misstated.

- Review of assumptions made and comparison with other academy trusts
- Review of adjustments and comparison with the actuary's report
- Review of disclosures and comparison with the actuary's report
- Review of the credentials of the actuary preparing the valuation

Our review did not identify any issues with the report provided, nor the adjustments and disclosures made in the financial statement.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.

Impact of Covid-19



The pandemic may have increased risks due to financial controls being adapted, additional sources of funding being obtained and additional guidance being issued by the ESFA	 Review of additional income such as CJRS and exceptional funding claims where relevant Review of accounting entries and balances Considering additional risks where financial controls have been adapted Additional considerations around going concern and post balance sheet events Discussions with management Our review and risk assessment took into accounts the impact of Covid-19 and we have reviewed material accounting entries and financial statements disclosures. We have nothing to report to you in this regard.
Valuation and recognition of land and buildings There is a risk that land and buildings may not be appropriately recognised or valued in the financial statements. Restricted and unrestricted funds	 Review of leases and supplemental agreements to confirm basis for occupation Review of valuation reports Review of potential impairment of assets Discussions with management We have reviewed the initial recognition of land in the trust balance sheet and updated guidance relevant to long leasehold land and processed and adjustment to depreciate the leasehold land over the term of the lease from the date it commenced.
There is a risk that restricted grants could be spent on expenditure other than in accordance with the terms of the funding, or that expenditure may be inappropriately allocated to the incorrect fund	 Review grant income to understand the restrictions in place Review a sample of expenditure to ensure in accordance with the restrictions, and appropriately accounted for against the correct fund Review funds carried forward for reasonableness and to ensure I accordance with the terms of the grant

There were no changes to our audit plan previously communicated to you.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Going concern

As auditors, we are required to "obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern assumption in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and to conclude whether there is a material uncertainty about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern" (ISA (UK) 570).

Management's assessment of going concern	Audit work performed	Audit findings and conclusion
Management and trustees have assessed the trust be a going concern as required by the Academies Financial Handbook. This assessment is based on the management accounts, levels of reserves, the budgets approved for 2021/22 onwards and by reference to other available information.	We have reviewed the trust's financial forecasts including their underpinning assumptions, held discussion with management including the future plans of the trust, reviewed the expected levels of reserves in the future, considered the ongoing impact of Covid-19 and expectations around funding/income, payroll expenditure and other expenses We have also considered the narrative included in the Trustees' Report and in the notes to the financial statements	We concur with management's assessment that it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis and there are no material uncertainties relating to going concern which should be disclosed in the financial statements.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Accounting policies, judgements, estimates and disclosures

Accounting policies

The accounting policies used in preparing the financial statements are unchanged from the previous year.

We do not have any comments or recommendations to make to you in respect of accounting policies.

Judgements and estimates

We have covered the risks inherent in the valuation of the LGPS liability elsewhere in this report.

We have covered the risks in estimating the value of land and buildings, and on assets and liabilities on conversion/transfer elsewhere in this report.

We are satisfied that the depreciation policy and rates adopted are appropriate to the trust.

We have no further comments in respect of accounting estimates.

Disclosures

Our work included a review of the adequacy of disclosures in the financial statements and consideration of the appropriateness of the accounting policies and estimation techniques adopted by the academy trust.

Conclusion

We found the disclosed accounting policies, significant accounting estimates and the overall disclosure and presentation to be appropriate for the academy trust.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Other communication requirements

Fraud or suspected fraud

We have not been made aware of any incidents in the period and no other issues have been identified during the course of our audit.

Our work as auditor is not intended to identify any instances of fraud of a non-material nature and should not be relied upon for this purpose. In the event that the trustees wish to obtain enhanced assurance with regard to the effectiveness of internal control in preventing and detecting fraud we should be happy to provide additional services.

Non-compliance with laws and regulations

The principal laws and regulations with which the academy trust complies include company and charity law and the ESFA regularity framework. We are not aware of any significant incidences of non-compliance.

There are also may other laws and regulations relating to health and safety as well as human resources generally and industry specific requirements. We are not aware of any significant incidences of non- compliance.

Written representations

We enclose the final draft letters of representation covering the financial statements and regularity audits at Appendices I and II which we will request the Board to sign at the same time as the financial statements are approved.

Related parties

We are not aware of any related party transactions which have not been disclosed – further consideration of our audit work is detailed above.

Confirmations from third parties

All requested confirmations have been received for which we undertook alternative audit procedures.

Regularity reporting

The second audit report pertains to our work on regularity, the concept that governs appropriation of funds within Academy Trusts. Again, our report is unqualified which means that there is nothing that has come to our attention that requires reporting formally in the accounts. Details of the work we have done to reach this conclusion is include in our report on regularity in the financial statements.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Misstatements

Corrected misstatements

We are required to inform you of any significant misstatements within the financial statements presented for audit that have been discovered during the course of our audit. Details of items corrected following discussions with you and your team are as below.

No	Detail	SOFA		Balance Sheet		Funds effect
		Dr	Cr	Dr	Cr	
Surp	us/(deficit) as presented for audit	£	£	£	£	± (1,822)
Adju	stments notified to us by the academy trust					
1	LGPS FRS102 valuation	3,000	-	-	3,000	(3,000)
Adju	stments identified during the audit process					
1	CIF income due for boiler works	-	107,569	107,569	-	107,569
2	CIF boiler works to accrue	82,286	-	-	82,286	(82,286)
3	Retention to accrue on CIF fire proofing	705	-	-	705	(705)
4	CIF clawback on fire proofing project	5,628	-	-	5,628	(5,628)
5	Computer equipment donated by DfE	-	3,708	3,708	-	3,708
6	Depreciation on donated laptops	464	-	-	464	(464)
7	Depreciation recognised on land inherited on conversion	7,945	-	-	7,945	(7,945)
8	Provision for estimated employee settlement cost	7,000	-	-	7,000	(7,000)
Surp	lus/(deficit) per audited accounts					2,427

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Uncorrected misstatements

A number of non-trivial uncorrected misstatements were discovered during the course of our audit and these are summarised below. We have discussed the uncorrected misstatements with management and have confirmed that individually and in aggregate the effect is not material.

No	Detail		SOFA	Balar	ice Sheet	Funds effect
		Dr £	Cr £	Dr £	Cr £	£
1	Pupil Premium additional accrued income	-	1,506	1,506	-	1,506
2	Anticipated CIF clawback on boiler project	2,333	-	-	2,333	(2,333)
Net	effect to audited surplus/(deficit)					(827)

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Internal controls

The purpose of an audit is to express an opinion on the financial statements. As part of our work we considered internal controls relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such that we were able to design appropriate audit procedures. However, this work was not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal controls.

We are required to report to you in writing, significant deficiencies in internal controls that we have identified during the audit. These matters are limited to those which we have concluded are of sufficient importance to merit being reported to you.

Our audit is not designed to test all internal controls or identify all areas of control weakness. However, where, as part of our testing, we identify any control weaknesses, we have reported these to you below.

For the purposes of submitting your financial statements to the ESFA, we identified no high or medium risk recommendations and 2 low risk recommendations.

Area	Observation	Implication	Recommendation	Management response
VAT	Only two vat claims were submitted in the year	There is an impact on cash flow for the academy on not claiming vat back in a timely manner	The academy should maximise its cash position by regular vat reclaims	This was an oversight, a claim is being submitted early in the new financial year.
Tendering process	During the year one purchase with a value in excess of £15,000 did not follow the FHB formal tendering procedure	There is a risk of not achieving value for money	The tendering policies as set out in the FHB should be followed	3 formal quotes were requested and 2 received. One company would not provide a formal quotation and provided a verbal quote. The Board were satisfied that sufficient process was followed to achieve value for money

Key: Significant deficiency in internal control Other deficiency in internal control Other observations

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Internal controls – update on prior recommendations

Audit issues communicated in the previous management letter and their status in the current period are outlined below.

Area	Observation	Implication	Recommendation	Resolved?
Governance information is out of date	Governance information per Companies House/ GIAS and the academy's website were inconsistent. A review in year highlighted that this continues to be an issue	Inconsistent and out of date information on governance in several sources	We recommend all information sources are reviewed and kept up to date	This has been an oversight in year and the academy will make sure all information sources are updated
Purchases system	Invoices are posted into the accounting system with an incorrect date	This can lead to errors in reflecting expenditure in the correct period	Purchase invoices should be posted into the system on the date of the invoice	This is due to human error in a period where the finance team had been stretched

Key: Significant deficiency in internal control Other deficiency in internal control Other observations

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Independence

In accordance with our profession's ethical guidance and further to our audit planning report to you confirming audit planning arrangements, there are no further matters to bring to your attention in relation to Integrity, Objectivity and Independence.

Non-audit services

The following non-audit services were provided by Azets in the year:

Non-audit service	Fees	Type of threat	Safeguard
Preparation of financial statements	£1,600	Self review	Financial statements prepared by Azets team member not
			involved in the audit process
Preparation of AAR	£800	Self review	AAR prepared by Azets team member not involved in the audit
			process
Teachers' Pensions EYOC reporting	£700	Self review	Assignment carried out by a team member not involved in the
			audit.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.

A AZETS

Presentation of financial statements and approval process

Introduction

Azets Audit Services is responsible for forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. We have carried out our work in accordance with our terms of engagement and with International Accounting Statements on Auditing (UK).

The accounts are in a similar format to previous years with no changes to format other than some additional detail around income, disclosure of legal fees and minor changes to certain notes.

The accounts breakdown into five key sections:

- 1. Reference and administrative details.
- 2. Trustees' Report, Governance Statement & statements on regularity and Trustees' responsibilities.
- 3. Audit reports Statutory and Regularity.
- 4. Primary financial statements Statement of Financial Activities (SOFA), Balance Sheet and Cash Flow statement.
- 5. Notes to the Accounts.

Section 1 – Reference and Administration

- Members and Trustees include details to date of approval.
- Senior leadership team review and confirm.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Section 2 – Trustees' Report, Governance Statement and Statement on Regularity

- Primarily statutory information but equally contains areas where you are encouraged to report on the performance of the Academy during the year.
- The Trustees' Report and the following statements belong to you and we do not audit these reports, rather we ensure the information contained within them is consistent with the financial statements starting with the SOFA. We would encourage you to read through the statements and in particularly take note of the statement of Trustees' Responsibilities.
- There are some minor changes from 2020, guidance was provided by the ESFA in the Academies Accounts Direction and Supplementary Bulletin.
- Governance Statement includes a note attendance at meetings, the accounting officer's value for money statement and details of internal audit and any issues reported.

Section 3 - Audit reports

We produce two reports.

- The first is the statutory audit and is designed for us to provide a view as to whether the accounts provide a true and fair view of the Academy Trust's financial activities. We have issued an unqualified report in this regard which means that we believe the accounts do show a true and fair view.
- The second audit report pertains to our work on regularity, the concept that governs appropriation of funds within Academy Trusts. Again, our report is unmodified which means that there is nothing that has come to our attention that requires reporting formally in the accounts.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.

Audit Findings | Kibblesworth Academy | Year ended 31 August 2021 | Page 16



Section 4 - Primary Statements

SOFA

• Reconciliation of the underlying in year position:

	£'000
Reported deficit per SOFA (page 26)	(25)
Less: capital grants (page 26/35)	(149)
Add: depreciation charge (page 26/40)	37
Add: LGPS adjustments charged as an expense (page 42)	31
Underlying deficit in year	(106)
Less: capital expenditure from GAG	(7)
Add: revenue expenditure from capital income	113

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



• Reconciliation of balance sheet funds to underlying in year position:

	2021	2020	Change
Restricted GAG	-	8	(8)
Restricted other	-	-	-
Unrestricted	39	31	8
Net movement as above	39	39	-
Capital reserves	25	-	25
Total reserves	64	39	25

- The expenditure under **Unrestricted Funds** consists of expenditure which is not financed by GAG or any other restricted source.
- Grants from the DfE and restricted donations are dealt with through the **Restricted General Funds** column. All restricted funds are fully spent in year.
- **Restricted Fixed Asset Funds** represents unspent capital grants of £25k.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Balance Sheet – Page 28

- Tangible fixed assets purchase of £16,583 in year of which £3,708 were donated by the DfE.
- Debtors of £146k (2020: £47k) are represented by:
 - £7k VAT
 - Prepayments of £24k
 - Accrued income of £115k relating to the CIF income due and pupil premium.
- The cash at bank has increased during the year from £65k to £99k.
- Creditors are higher than the prior year being £173k (2020: £74k). This includes:
 - £42k of trade creditors
 - £104k of accruals mainly CIF works accrued
 - £14K deferred income (relating to income received in advance for UIFSM and rates relief)
 - £13k of PAYE/NI liabilities August payroll liabilities.

Section 5 - Notes

Note 9 and 10 - Staff costs

- Staff costs disclosures include staff trustees' remuneration listed on page 39.
- Salary costs for key management personnel have been aggregated, so no disclosure is made of individual KMP salaries. This includes gross, employer's pension contributions and employers NI. See page 38.
- A provision for expected severance pay of £7,000 has been included.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Note 17 – fund balances

- Confirmation of restricted fund balances carried forward.
- Restricted funds:
 - GAG nil
 - Pupil Premium nil
 - Sports funding nil
 - DFC nil

Note 24 - Related Party Transactions

- We have not been made aware of any related party transactions in the period.
- Trustees are reminded that any transactions between themselves or entities controlled by themselves and the Academy Trust are required to be disclosed in the accounts under this note. This disclosure also includes transactions with members, key management and anyone with influence over contracts.

Points for Approval by the Board

The Trustees will need to formally consider the following matters before approving the accounts:

- Reserve policy
- Risk management risk register.
- Accounting policies confirm no changes.
- Going concern confirm that Trustees consider that the Trust is a going concern for 12 months from the date of approval of the accounts. *
- Post balance sheet events confirm no PBSE that give rise to additional disclosures in the accounts. *

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.

Audit Findings | Kibblesworth Academy | Year ended 31 August 2021 | Page 20



- Capital commitments confirm none at the year-end.
- Fraud confirm that no fraud or miss-statements that Board are aware of that require disclosing.
- Letters of representation to be approved alongside the accounts. *
- Accounting officer statement signed by the accounting officer to confirm no regularity issues together with completion of the accounting officer checklist. *
- Management letter recommendations to be approved by the Board to confirm all points have been considered and a client response provided. *

Approval by the Board to be included in the minutes *

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Appendix I – letter of representation - audit

Azets Audit Services Limited Wynyard Park House Wynyard Billingham TS22 5TB

Dear Sirs

Re: Kibblesworth Academy

The following representations are made on the basis of enquiries of management and staff with relevant knowledge and experience such as we consider necessary in connection with your audit of the academy trust's financial statements and, as relevant, your assurance engagement on regularity for the year ended 31 August 2021. These enquiries have included inspection of supporting documentation where appropriate, and are sufficient to satisfy ourselves that we can make each of the following representations. All representations are made to the best of our knowledge and belief.

GENERAL

- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities as trustees, as set out in the terms of your engagement letter dated 7 October 2021 under the Companies Act 2006, for preparing financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and for making accurate representations to you.
- 2. All the transactions undertaken by the Academy Trust have been properly reflected and recorded in the accounting records.
- 3. All the accounting records have been made available to you for the purpose of your audit. We have provided you with unrestricted access to all appropriate persons within the Academy Trust, and with all other records and related information requested, including minutes of all management and trustee meetings and correspondence with the Education and Skills Funding Agency, Department for Education and the Charity Commission.

ADJUSTMENTS & DISCLOSURES

- 4. The financial statements are free of material misstatements, including omissions.
- 5. The effects of uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, both individually and in aggregate, to the financial statements as a whole. (See appendix 1 for details of such uncorrected misstatements).

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



- 6. We have reviewed and approved all audit adjustments made in the financial statements. (See appendix 2 for details of such audit adjustments)
- 7. We have reviewed and approved all disclosures made in the financial statements and we are not aware of any other matters which require disclosure in order to comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, the Charities SORP and the Academies Accounts Direction issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

INTERNAL CONTROL AND FRAUD

- 8. We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control systems to prevent and detect fraud and error. We have disclosed to you the results of our risk assessment that the financial statements may be misstated as a result of fraud.
- 9. We have disclosed to you all instances of known or suspected fraud affecting the Academy Trust involving management, employees who have a significant role in internal control or others that could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 10. We have also disclosed to you all information in relation to allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the Academy Trust's financial statements communicated by current or former employees, analysts, regulators or others.
- 11. We have disclosed to you any significant changes in our processes, controls, policies and procedures that we deem necessary to address the likely effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on our system of internal controls.

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

- 12. The Academy Trust has satisfactory title to all assets and there are no liens or encumbrances on the Academy Trust's assets except for those that are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.
- 13. There were no changes in fixed assets during the period ended 31 August 2021 other than those disclosed in the accounts.
- 14. We have reviewed the residual values attached to fixed assets and confirm they are still appropriate and reasonable reflections of these assets condition and usage.
- 15. All actual liabilities, contingent liabilities and guarantees given to third parties have been recorded or disclosed as appropriate.
- 16. We have no plans or intentions that may materially alter the carrying value and, where relevant, the fair value measurements or classification of assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements.
- 17. We confirm that all bank accounts have been disclosed to you and are included within the financial statements.
- 18. We confirm that the Academy Trust has not contracted for any capital expenditure other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

19. The methods, data and significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates, and their related disclosures, are appropriate to achieve recognition, measurement and disclosure that is reasonable in the context of the applicable financial reporting framework.

LOANS AND ARRANGEMENTS

20. The Academy Trust has not granted any advances or credits to, or made guarantees on behalf of, Directors/Trustees other than those disclosed in the financial statements.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.

LEGAL CLAIMS



21. We have disclosed to you all claims in connection with litigation that have been, or are expected to be, received and such matters, as appropriate, have been properly accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements.

LAWS AND REGULATIONS

- 22. We have disclosed to you all known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements and disclosures, including non-compliance matters:
 - a. Involving financial impropriety;
 - b. Related to laws or regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the Academy Trust's financial statements;
 - c. Related to laws and regulations that have an indirect effect on amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, but compliance with which may be fundamental to the operations of the Academy Trust's business, its ability to continue in business, or to avoid material penalties; and
 - d. Involving management, or employees who have significant roles in internal control, or others.
- 23. We are unaware of any known or probable instances of non-compliance with the requirements of regulatory or governmental authorities, including their financial reporting requirements, and there have been no communications from regulatory agencies or government representatives concerning investigations or allegations of non-compliance, other than those already disclosed.

RELATED PARTIES

24. Related party relationships and transactions, comply with the academy trust's financial regulations, relevant requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook and have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial statements. We have disclosed to you all relevant information concerning such relationships and transactions and are not aware of any other matters which require disclosure in order to comply with the requirements and guidance set out in the Companies Act 2006, the Charities SORP and the Academies Accounts Direction issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

25. All events subsequent to the date of the financial statements which require adjustment or disclosure have been properly accounted for and disclosed.

GOING CONCERN

- 26. We believe that the Academy Trust's financial statements should be prepared on a going concern basis on the grounds that existing cash reserves and future sources of funding or support will be more than adequate for the Academy Trust's needs.
- 27. We also confirm our plans for future action(s) required to enable the Academy Trust to continue as a going concern are feasible.
- 28. We have considered a period of twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. We believe that no further disclosures relating to the Academy Trust's ability to continue as a going concern need to be made in the financial statements.
- 29. Our assessment at the date of approval of these accounts is that the Covid-19 pandemic does not create a material uncertainty related to going concern. The notes to the financial statements disclose matters of which we are aware that are relevant to the Academy Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, including significant conditions and events, our plans for future action, and the feasibility of those plans.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.

GRANTS AND DONATIONS

30. Grants made by the Department of Education and Education and Skills Funding Agency have been applied for the purposes intended and the Accounting Officer has ensured regular and proper use and value for money of monies received from government.

AZETS

31. All other grants, donations and other income, the receipt of which is subject to specific terms or conditions, have been notified to you. There have been no breaches of terms or conditions in the application of such income.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITOR

- 32. We acknowledge our legal responsibilities regarding disclosure of information to you as auditor and confirm that so far as we are aware, there is no relevant audit information needed by you in connection with preparing your audit report of which you are unaware.
- 33. We confirm that so far as we are aware, there is no relevant other information needed by you in connection with preparing your reporting accountant's assurance report on regularity of which you are unaware.
- 34. Each trustee has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make themself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that you are aware of that information.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Appendix II – letter of representation - regularity

Azets Audit Services Limited Wynyard Park House Wynyard Billingham TS22 5TB

Dear Sirs

Re: Kibblesworth Academy

The following representations are made on the basis of enquiries of management and staff with relevant knowledge and experience such as I consider necessary in connection with your assurance report on regularity to Kibblesworth Academy and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) for the year ended 31 August 2021. These enquiries have included inspection of supporting documentation where appropriate and are sufficient to satisfy me that I can make each of the following representations. All representations are made to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GENERAL

- 1. I have fulfilled my responsibilities as accounting officer under the requirements of the funding agreement between Kibblesworth Academy and the Secretary of State for Education dated 1 June 2012 and the Academies Financial Handbook 2020.
- 2. I acknowledge my personal responsibility to Parliament for the regularity and propriety of the public finances for which I am answerable; for the keeping of proper accounts; for effective internal controls; for prudent and economical administration; for the avoidance of waste and extravagance; for achieving value for money; and for the efficient and effective use of all the resources in my charge.
- 3. I acknowledge my responsibility to notify the governing body and the ESFA of any instances of material irregularity or impropriety, or non-compliance with the terms of the academy trust's funding agreement and have had due regard to the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook 2020 in performing this duty.
- 4. Any instances of material irregularity, impropriety, or non-compliance discovered to date have been notified to the governing body and the ESFA.
- 5. Significant matters of which you should be aware have been brought to your attention including any instances of irregularity, impropriety or non-compliance with laws and regulations specific to the academy trust's authorising framework.
- 6. Full and free access has been granted to the all records, correspondence, information and explanations that you have considered necessary to enable you to perform your work.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Appendix III – Emerging issues – for information only

Roles and Responsibilities

- 1. Suitability checks
- 2. Parents in governance structure
- 3. Safeguarding, health and safety and estates management
- 4. Senior executive leader as a Trustee
- 5. External reviews of governance
- 6. Senior executive leader leaving the Trust
- 7. Clerk
- 8. Disclosure and Barring Service checks

Financial Requirements

- 9. Scheme of delegation
- 10. Publication of executive pay
- 11. Special staff severance payments
- 12. Documents available for public inspection

Internal Scrutiny

- 13. Chair of audit committee
- 14. Internal scrutiny independence

External Scrutiny and Regulator Intervention

- 15. External audit re-tender
- 16. ESFA authority to obtain third party information
- 17. Cybercrime
- 18. Financial Notice to Improve

Other

- 19. ESFA Good Practice Guidance
- 20. VAT

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Roles and Responsibilities

1 Suitability checks

Trusts must ensure that their members are not currently subject to a direction made under section 128 of the Education and Skills Act 2008 which prohibits individuals from taking part in academy trust management, and that they do not appoint as a member, a person who is currently subject to a section 128 direction.

In the current Keeping Children Safe in Education statutory guidance (KCSIE), academies must carry out a section 128 check for all new governors / trustees.

Section 128 checks complement DBS checks by looking at the parts of someone's history that may not necessarily be criminal, but would still be worrying.

For example:

- Someone who undermines mutual respect for those of different faiths may not be charged with a hate crime, but you still wouldn't want them associated with your school
- An accountant who has breached the code of ethics set out by their professional body by using confidential client information for personal gain hasn't necessarily committed a crime, but you probably wouldn't want them overseeing your school's accounts.

You protect your school or trust's best interests by making sure you have a full picture of someone's suitability.

If you carry out an enhanced DBS check with barred list information on an individual, with 'children's workforce independent schools' specified in the parameters, the certificate will detail whether they are subject to a section 128 direction.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.

Audit Findings | Kibblesworth Academy | Year ended 31 August 2021 | Page 28



2 Parents in governance structure

The trustees of the academy trust are both charity trustees and company directors. The handbook refers to them as trustees.

The trust's articles of association will set out conditions determining the minimum number of trustees the trust will have.

All trusts should have reserved places for parents, carers or other individuals with parental responsibilities in their governance structure; trusts should hold elections to fill these places, as appropriate.

- Single academy trusts should have at least two such places on the board.
- Trusts with multiple academies should have at least two such places on the board or at least two such places on each local governing body where the trust has established them.

3 Safeguarding, health and safety and estates management

The 2021 handbook highlights trust's obligations in relation to safeguarding, health and safety and estates management

Safeguarding

Academy trust boards have a duty to:

- safeguard and promote the welfare of children
- have regard to any statutory guidance on safeguarding issued by the Secretary of State
- ensure the suitability of staff, supply staff, volunteers, contractors and proprietors.

For further guidance see the Education (Independent School Standards) Regulations 2014

Health and Safety

The main legislation covering this area is the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 and its regulations. Under the Act the academy trust, as an employer, is responsible for the health and safety of its staff, pupils, and any visitors.

Trust boards should follow the Department's 'Health and Safety: responsibilities and duties for schools' as well as 'Health and Safety Executive (HSE) guidance for Education'.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Estates Management

An academy trust's estate is both an asset and a mechanism to deliver outcomes for pupils. The DfE expects academy trusts to manage their school estate strategically and maintain their estate in a safe working condition

Find advice, standards and tools for academy trusts at 'Good Estate Management for Schools'. This includes guidance on developing an estates strategy and asset management plan, and a self-assessment to identify estate management priorities.

4 Senior executive leader as a trustee

From 1 March 2022 any newly appointed senior executive leader can only be a trustee if the members decide to appoint them as such, the senior executive leader agrees and the trust's articles permit it. The Department's strong preference is for no other employees to serve as trustees, nor for trustees to occupy staff establishment roles on an unpaid voluntary basis, in order to retain clear lines of accountability.

5 External reviews of governance

An objective independent external review of the effectiveness of the board can be a more powerful diagnostic tool than a self-evaluation. External reviews are particularly important before the board undertakes any significant change - for example before a trust grows significantly, or in cases where concerns around governance arise. The Department's strong preference is that external reviews of governance are also conducted routinely as part of a wider programme of self -assessment and improvement. Reviews should also consider the interaction between members and trustees, including the extent to which members are able to assure themselves that the trustees undertake their duties effectively.

6 Senior executive leaving the trust

When the senior executive leader is planning to leave the trust (for example retirement or resignation), the board of trustees should approach their Regional Schools Commissioner (RSC) in advance to discuss their structure and options, including plans for recruitment

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



7 Clerk

The handbook has introduced new terminology – the Clerk to the board is now to be called the Governance Professional.

The academy trust must appoint a governance professional to support the board of trustees who is someone other than a trustee, principal or chief executive of the trust.

8 Disclosure and Barring Service checks

In complying with the Independent School Standards, and as set out in funding agreements, academy trusts must ensure enhanced Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) certificates are obtained as appropriate for all staff and supply staff.

Similarly all academy trust members, trustees and individuals on any committees including local governing bodies are required to have an enhanced criminal records certificate from the Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS), which does not include a barred list check (unless in addition to their governance duties they also engage in regulated activity).

Financial Requirements

9 Scheme of delegation

The academy trust must have sound internal control, risk management and assurance processes. This should follow a tiered approach comprising:

- · clearly communicated procedures, structures and training of staff
- appropriate day to day supervision and checks by management
- internal scrutiny overseen by an audit and risk committee
- external audit and assurance.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.

Audit Findings | Kibblesworth Academy | Year ended 31 August 2021 | Page 31



The control framework must:

- ensure delegated financial authorities are complied with and maintain appropriate segregation of duties
- co-ordinate the planning and budgeting process
- apply discipline in financial management, including managing debtors, creditors, cash flow and monthly bank reconciliations
- manage and oversee capital projects and assets, and maintain a fixed asset register
- ensure regularity, propriety and value for money in the organisation's activities
- ensure a risk register is maintained and reviewed by the board drawing on advice provided to it by the audit and risk committee
- reduce the risk of fraud and theft
- deliver independent checking of controls, systems, transactions and risks

10 Publication of executive pay

The trust must publish on its website in a separate readily accessible form the number of employees whose benefits exceeded £100k, in £10k bandings, for the previous year ended 31 August. Benefits for this purpose include salary, employers' pension contributions, other taxable benefits and termination payments. Trusts may wish to display this information in a tabular form showing in each column salary, pension etc.

Where the academy trust has entered into an off-payroll arrangement with someone who is not an employee, the amount paid by the trust for that person's work for the trust must also be included in the website disclosure where payment exceeds £100k as if they were an employee.

The trust is reminded of requirements under the Equality Act 2010 (Specific Duties and Public Authorities) Regulations 2017 for organisations with 250 or more employees to publish information on their website and on the government's reporting website about the gender pay gap in their organisation.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.

Audit Findings | Kibblesworth Academy | Year ended 31 August 2021 | Page 32



11 Special staff severance payments

Where the academy trust is considering a staff severance payment including a non-statutory/non-contractual element of £50,000 or more, (gross, before income tax or other deductions), ESFA's prior approval must be obtained before making any binding offer to staff. ESFA will refer such transactions to HM Treasury, so trusts should allow sufficient time for proposals to be considered.

Examples of approval requirements are as follows:

Statutory/ contractual payment		Non-statutory/ non- contractual payment	ESFA/ HM Treasury approval required?
£30,000	+	£30,000	No
£60,000	+	£30,000	No
£30,000	+	£50,000	Yes- for £50,000

Academy trusts should demonstrate value for money by applying the same scrutiny to a payment under £50,000 as those over £50,000, and have a justified business case. Settlements must not be accepted unless satisfying the conditions in this handbook and in ESFA's guidance and submission template.

Additionally, in accordance with HM Treasury's Guidance on Public Sector Exit Payments, academy trusts must obtain prior ESFA approval before making a staff severance payment where:

- an exit package which includes a special severance payment is at, or above, £100,000; and/or
- the employee earns over £150,000. Find out more about severance payments. Use of confidentiality clauses 5.13 Academy trusts must ensure confidentiality clauses associated with staff severance

12 Documents available for public inspection

The trust must make available for public inspection:

- the agenda for every meeting of the trustees, local governing bodies and committees
- the approved minutes of each meeting
- any report, document or other paper considered at each meeting.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



The trust may exclude from any item any material relating to:

- a named teacher or other employee or proposed employee
- a named pupil or student at the academy, or candidate for admission or referral to it
- any matter which, by reason of its nature, the trustees are satisfied should remain confidential.

Internal Scrutiny

13 Chait of audit committee

The chair of trustees should not be chair of the audit and risk committee. Where the finance committee and audit and risk committee are separate, the chair should not be the same.

The academy trust must establish an audit and risk committee, appointed by the board.

- Trusts with an annual income over £50 million must have a dedicated audit and risk committee.
- Other trusts must either have a dedicated audit and risk committee or can combine it with another committee, such as finance.

The audit and risk committee should meet at least three times a year.

The audit and risk committee must:

- oversee and approve the trust's programme of internal scrutiny
- ensure that risks are being addressed appropriately through internal scrutiny
- report to the board on the adequacy of the trust's internal control framework, including financial and non-financial controls and management of risks.

Employees of the trust should not be audit and risk committee members, but the accounting officer and chief financial officer should attend to provide information and participate in discussions.

Where the audit and risk committee is combined with another committee, employees should not participate as members when audit matters are discussed.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



14 Internal scrutiny independence

Internal scrutiny must:

- be independent and objective for example it must not be performed by the trust's own accounting officer, chief financial officer or other members of the senior leadership or finance team
- be conducted by someone suitably qualified and experienced and able to draw on technical expertise as required
- be covered by a scheme of work, driven and agreed by the audit and risk committee, and informed by risk
- be timely, with the programme of work spread appropriately over the year so higher risk areas are reviewed in good time
- include regular updates to the audit and risk committee by the person(s) or organisation(s) carrying out the programme of work, incorporating:
- a report of the work to each audit and risk committee meeting, including recommendations where appropriate to enhance financial and non-financial controls and risk management
- an annual summary report to the audit and risk committee for each year ended 31 August outlining the areas reviewed, key findings, recommendations and conclusions, to help the committee consider actions and assess year on year progress.

External Scrutiny and Regulator Intervention

15 External audit re-tender

Under the Companies Act 2006, academy trusts must appoint an auditor to give an opinion on whether their annual accounts present a true and fair view of the trust's financial performance and position (appointment being by the members, other than where the Companies Act permits the trustees to appoint – for example for the trust's first period of account). Trusts should retender their external audit contract at least every five years and must consider the relevant points below when evaluating:

- the auditor's sector expertise
- their understanding of the trust and its activities
- whether the audit process allows issues to be raised on a timely basis at the appropriate level
- the quality of auditor comments and recommendations in relation to key areas
- the personal authority, knowledge and integrity of the audit partners and their staff to interact effectively with, and robustly challenge, the trust's managers
- the auditor's use of technology

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



16 ESFA authority to obtain third party information

ESFA or its agents may carry out audits and investigations at an academy trust. The trust must provide ESFA with access to all books, records, information, explanations, assets, premises and staff, and ESFA may take copies of relevant documents. ESFA may conduct interviews during its audits and investigations. ESFA will give reasonable notice in writing of proposed audits.

Where ESFA has concerns about financial management and/or governance at an academy trust, it may wish to obtain from third parties information or documentation about the trust which ESFA considers relevant for the purposes of its investigation. Academy trusts must provide ESFA with written authority giving permission for any third party to provide such information and documentation to ESFA or its agents on request of ESFA.

17 Cybercrime

Academy trusts must be aware of the risk of fraud, theft and irregularity and address it by putting in place proportionate controls. Trusts must take appropriate action where fraud, theft or irregularity is suspected or identified.

Academy trusts must also be aware of the risk of cybercrime, put in place proportionate controls and take appropriate action where a cyber security incident has occurred.

Trusts must obtain permission from ESFA to pay any cyber ransom demands. ESFA supports the National Crime Agency's recommendation not to encourage, endorse, or condone the payment of ransom demands. Payment of ransoms has no guarantee of restoring access or services and is likely to result in repeat incidents.

18 Financial notice to improve

The handbook has introduced new terminology – the financial notice to improve is now to be called a Notice to improve.

Where ESFA has concerns about financial management and/or governance in an academy trust it may issue, and publish, a Notice to Improve (NtI). The trust must comply with the NtI. Failure to comply will be deemed a funding agreement breach. The funding agreement may be terminated due to non-compliance with a NtI.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



ESFA will notify the trust of the date of which ESFA has published the Ntl. The trust must then publish the Ntl on its own website within 14 days and retain it on the website until the Ntl is lifted by ESFA.

A Ntl describes what a trust must do to address concerns about financial management or governance. For example, a Ntl may be issued due to an actual or projected deficit, cash flow problems, insolvency risk, irregular use of public funds, or inadequate governance and management (including weak oversight by trustees, poor internal scrutiny and breaches of related party requirements).

Other

19 ESFA good practice guidance

The ESFA have issued a number of good practice guides. They do not replace or modify any requirements set out in the Academy Trust Handbook and the Academies Accounts Direction. They aim to provide suggestions about good practice.

Currently the following is available as a good practice guide:

- Streamlined Energy and Carbon reporting
- Operating an academy trust as a going concern
- Choosing an external auditor for an academy trust
- Academy trust deficit recovery
- Academy trust risk management
- Leasing guidance for academy trusts
- Academy trust management accounting
- Internal scrutiny in academy trusts

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



- Academy trust management letters
- External audit preparation checklist for academy trust guidance
- External audit preparation checklist

20 VAT – audit review

The academy is currently not VAT registered and reclaiming VAT via the Form 126/ quarterly.

Our audit does not examine VAT in detail and out audit procedures are not designed to detect immaterial fraud or error. Therefore, we have not reviewed individual streams of income to:

- a. Assess whether the academy is over the VAT registration threshold
- b. Ascertain whether the VAT reclaimed is correct

There are a number of income streams that may be liable to VAT, we have provided some common area below, but please note this is not an exhaustive list:

- 1. Contracts whereby you receive commission or the net of income/costs for items such as uniform. The contract may be worded in such a way that you are actually the primary supplier and not an agent, if this is the case then you may be liable to register and charge VAT on these items.
- 2. The sale of meals to staff is a supply liable to VAT. The VAT treatment of outsourced catering contracts means that an Academy will act as principle in the sale of all meals. The sale of a meal to a member of staff (not a duty meal) will count towards the VAT registration limit
- 3. Certain supplies under salary sacrifice schemes can have a VAT implication either as the amounts count towards the VAT registration limit or VAT on expenses could be restricted.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



4. Although the majority of income from letting the premises will be exempt depending on the exact nature of the "let" and to whom the let could be "taxable". If additional services are supplied as a separate cost, they would be seen as taxable. Any charges for parking would be taxable.

From experience most Academies have some business income and if not VAT registered we would expect there to de some irrecoverable VAT and is the Academy carrying out the appropriate restrictions and checks on the VAT claimed via the VAT 126 form

If required Azets can organise an initial meeting with our VAT experts to discuss any potential issues or pitfalls with you.

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Appendix IV – Academies Financial Handbook – The Musts

MUSTS as set out in the Academy Trust Handbook 2021

The requirements in the Handbook brought together into one list: the 'musts'. It abbreviates these requirements and so cannot be used as a substitute for the full handbook. Links to the relevant sections are included, which must be read in full.

Top 10 'musts' for chairs and other trustees

Personal responsibilities

• Apply highest standards of conduct and ensure robust governance, comply with charitable objects, with duties as company directors, with charity law and the funding agreement [1.13 and 1.14]

Structures

- Ensure the board of trustees meets at least three times a year, and conducts business only when quorate [2.3]
- Approve a written scheme of delegation of financial powers [2.4]

Relationships

- Manage conflicts of interest, be even-handed with related parties, and ensure goods or services provided by them are at no more than cost, beyond the limits in this handbook [5.35 to 5.59] Money and oversight
- Ensure the board approves a balanced budget for the financial year and minutes their approval [2.10]
- Share management accounts with the chair of trustees monthly, with the other trustees six times a year, and consider when the board meets, taking action to maintain financial viability [2.19 and 2.20]
- Ensure decisions about executive pay follow a robust evidence-based process reflecting the individual's role and responsibilities, and that the approach to pay is transparent, proportionate and justifiable [2.30 and 2.31]
- Appoint an audit and risk committee (either dedicated or combined with another committee) to advise on the adequacy of the trust's controls and risks [1.24 and 3.6 to 3.14]

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



Accountability and audit

- Submit audited accounts to ESFA by 31 December [4.4]
- Ensure an appropriate, reasonable and timely response to findings by auditors, taking opportunities to strengthen financial management and control [4.16]

Roles and responsibilities

- Adhere to The 7 principles of public life
- Have the skills, knowledge and experience to run the trust [1.1]
- Have at least three members, although the Department's strong preference is for five [1.3]
- Have suitability checks in place for members to ensure they are not subject to a direction under section 128 of the Education and Skills Act 2008 [1.4].
- Not have members as employees, nor have members occupy staff roles on an unpaid voluntary basis [1.5]
- Ensure regularity, propriety and value for money [1.21, 1.38 and 2.7]
- Trustees to take ownership of financial sustainability and ability to operate as a going concern [1.21]
- Ensure committees contain a majority of trustees [1.25]
- Not have de facto trustees or shadow directors [1.26]
- Include a review of the trust's governance structure and board composition in the governance statement when producing audited accounts for the first time [1.28]
- Appoint a senior executive leader (should be principal or chief executive) [1.33]
- Appoint an accounting officer (the senior executive leader) with responsibility for regularity, propriety and value for money and for assuring the board about compliance with the funding agreement and handbook [1.34 to 1.44]
- Demonstrate in the governance statement how the trust has secured value for money [1.41]
- Include a statement on regularity, propriety and compliance, signed by the accounting officer, in the audited accounts [1.41 and 4.13]
- Appoint a chief financial officer to lead the finance department [1.45]
- Have appropriately qualified and/or experienced finance staff [1.46]
- Appoint a governance professional (clerk to the board) [1.49]
- Arrange DBS checks as appropriate [1.51 and 1.52]

Main financial requirements

- Maintain robust oversight of the trust [2.1]
- Take responsibility for financial affairs, stewardship of assets and use resources efficiently [2.2]
- Describe in the governance statement how the board has maintained effective oversight if meeting less than six times a year [2.3]

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



- Have sound internal control, risk management and assurance processes [2.6]
- Establish a control framework that includes:
 - ensuring delegated financial authorities are complied with, and segregation of duties maintained
 - co-ordinating the planning and budgeting process
 - discipline in financial management, including managing debtors, creditors, cash flow and monthly bank reconciliations
 - planning and oversight of capital projects
 - management and oversight of assets including maintenance of a fixed asset register
 - regularity, propriety and value for money
 - reducing fraud and theft
 - independent checking of controls, systems, transactions and risks
 - a competitive tendering policy [2.7 and 2.28]
- Prepare and monitor financial plans to ensure the trust remains a going concern and ensure rigour and scrutiny in budget management [2.8 and 2.9]
- Ensure budget forecasts are accurate, based on realistic assumptions and reflective of lessons learned from previous years [2.11]
- Submit a budget forecast return outturn and 3-year budget forecast return to ESFA [2.15 and 2.16]
- Notify ESFA within 14 days if proposing a deficit revenue budget for the current financial year which it cannot address after taking into account unspent funds from previous years, as this would be non-compliant with the funding agreement and this handbook [2.17]
- Prepare management accounts every month and take appropriate action. Measure key financial performance indicators regularly and analyse in annual trustees' report [2.18, 2.21 and 2.22]
- Manage cash position robustly and avoid becoming overdrawn [2.24]
- Have a cautious approach to investments in line with the handbook principles [2.25]
- Show that public funds have been used as intended by Parliament [2.27]
- Publish on trust's website the number of employees whose benefits exceeded £100k, in £10k bandings [2.32]
- Ensure senior employees' payroll arrangements meet HM Treasury's tax requirements [2.34] 70
- Not use trust's funds to purchase alcohol for consumption, except where it is to be used in religious services [2.35]
- Charge for boarding provision in line with this handbook [2.37]
- Manage risks, including contingency and business continuity planning and maintain a risk register. Board to retain oversight of risk and review risk register at least annually. [2.38 and 2.39]
- Have adequate insurance or be a member of DfE's risk protection arrangement [2.40]
- Implement reasonable risk management audit recommendations [2.42]
- Have published procedures for whistleblowing and respond properly and fairly [2.43 to 2.48]
- Be transparent with governance arrangements [2.49]
- Publish the trust's governance arrangements in its governance statement and in a readily accessible form on its website [2.50]

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



- Ensure governance documents are available for public inspection [2.51].
- Provide ESFA or its agents with information of sufficient quality to meet funding requirements [2.52]
- Notify DfE via Get information about schools within 14 days of changes in information about members, trustees, local governors, chair of trustees, chairs of local governing bodies, accounting officer and chief financial officer [2.54 to 2.58]

Internal scrutiny

- Check financial and non-financial controls and risks [3.1 to 3.5]
- Oversee controls and risks at constituent academies [3.13]
- Ensure information submitted to DfE and ESFA affecting funding is accurate and compliant [3.14]
- Internal scrutiny must be viewed in the same way as internal audit [3.20].
- Ensure checks are conducted by someone independent, suitably qualified and experienced [3.15 to 3.21]
- Provide internal scrutiny reports to the audit and risk committee and make the findings available to all trustees promptly [3.15 and 3.16]
- Confirm in the governance statement which internal scrutiny option has been applied and why [3.22]
- Provide annual summary of internal scrutiny to ESFA by 31 December, and provide other internal scrutiny reports on request [3.23] 71

Annual accounts and external audit

- Produce audited accounts, publish on the trust's website by 31 January and file with Companies House [4.1 to 4.4]
- Appoint an external auditor in writing, for the annual accounts [4.5 and 4.6]
- Put any additional services from the external auditor in a separate letter of engagement [4.6]
- Provide in the audit contract for the removal of external auditors [4.7]
- Notify ESFA immediately of the removal or resignation of external auditors, and the reasons [4.8]
- Prepare information, at DfE's request, for the sector annual report and accounts [4.9 and 4.10]
- Include a review of the accounting officer's statement on regularity, propriety and compliance within the external auditor's remit, and address the auditor's conclusions on regularity jointly to the trust and ESFA [4.15]
- Audit and risk committee to review the external auditor's plan, annual accounts, audit findings, management response and effectiveness of the external auditor and produce annual report of conclusions [4.17]

Delegated authorities

- Obtain ESFA's prior approval for transactions beyond the trust's delegated limits [5.1]
- Make financial disclosures in the annual accounts in line with this handbook [5.2 and 5.3]
- Refer novel, contentious and/or repercussive transactions to ESFA for prior approval [5.5]
- For staff severance payments, consider the following before committing:
 - whether the proposed payment is in the trust's interests

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



- whether payment is justified and value for money, based on a legal assessment
- review the level of settlement, which must be less than the legal assessment of what the relevant body (e.g. employment tribunal) is likely to award [5.8]
- Obtain ESFA's prior approval for the non-contractual/non-statutory element of a staff severance payment of £50,000 or more (gross, before deductions) [5.10]
- Not accept a settlement for a staff severance payment unless satisfying the conditions in this handbook [5.11] 72
- Obtain prior approval for staff severance payments of £100k or more which include a non-statutory/non-contractual element, and/or where the employee earns over £150k [5.12]
- Ensure confidentiality clauses do not prevent an individual's right to make disclosures in the public interest [5.13]
- For compensation payments, base on appraisal, including legal advice, ensuring value for money [5.14]
- Obtain ESFA's prior approval for non-contractual/non-statutory compensation payments of £50,000 or more [5.15]
- Obtain ESFA's prior approval for ex gratia payments [5.18]
- Obtain ESFA's prior approval for writing off debts and losses, guarantees, letters of comfort and indemnities beyond limits in this handbook [5.19 and 5.20]
- Obtain ESFA's prior approval, before acquiring and disposing of fixed assets beyond limits in this handbook and ensure disposal achieves best price [5.23 and 5.24]
- Obtain ESFA's prior approval for leases beyond limits in this handbook [5.26 to 5.28]
- Not pool PFI funding across a trust with multiple academies [5.30]
- Consider the funding needs of individual academies if pooling GAG, and have an appeals mechanism [5.31]
- Ensure gifts by the trust have the decision documented, and have regard to propriety and regularity [5.32]
- Obtain ESFA's prior approval before borrowing, including finance leases and overdrafts, and only use credit cards for business expenditure [5.33]
- Ensure no member, trustee, local governor, employee or related individual or organisation uses their connection to the trust for personal gain [5.36]
- Ensure no payments to trustees unless permitted by the articles and comply with the terms of any agreement with the Secretary of State [5.36]
- Obtain Charity Commission prior approval for paying a trustee for acting as a trustee [5.36]
- Ensure the board chair and the accounting officer manage their relationships with related parties to avoid real and perceived conflicts of interest [5.38]
- Recognise that related party transactions may attract public scrutiny and require sufficient disclosure in annual accounts to support accountability and transparency [5.39 and 5.40]
- Report all contracts and other agreements with related parties to ESFA in advance [5.41] 73
- Obtain ESFA prior approval for contracts and other agreements with related parties beyond limits in this handbook [5.42 to 5.44]

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.



- Capture in an up to date register of interests the relevant business and pecuniary interests of members, trustees, local governors and senior employees [5.45] and interests of other individuals as described in [5.46]
- Publish relevant business and pecuniary interests of members, trustees, local governors and accounting officers [2.50 and 5.48]

The regulator and intervention

- Arrange for letters to trusts' accounting officers from ESFA's accounting officer about the accountability framework to be discussed by the board and, where appropriate, strengthen the trust's systems [6.2]
- Provide ESFA with access to books, records, information, explanations, assets, premises and staff to assist with its audits [6.4]
- Provide ESFA with permission for any third party to provide requested information where there are concerns or an investigation is ongoing at a trust [6.5].
- Retain records for at least six years after the period to which funding relates [6.6]
- Send ESFA a financial management and governance self-assessment for new academy trusts, or constituent academies joining an existing trust [6.7]
- Submit school resource management self-assessment tool to ESFA annually [6.9]
- Be aware of the risk of fraud, theft and irregularity and address with proportionate controls and appropriate action [6.11]
- Notify ESFA of fraud or theft over £5,000, individually or cumulatively, or of any value where unusual or systematic [6.12]
- Be aware of the risk of cybercrime and put in place proportionate controls and appropriate action where a cyber security incident has occurred [6.16]
- Obtain permission from ESFA before paying any cyber ransom demands [6.17].
- Comply with a Trust Notice to Improve [6.18 and 6.20]
- Publish the Ntl on the trust's website until it is lifted [6.19]
- Waive delegated authorities and obtain ESFA approval of certain transactions described in this handbook if the trust has an Ntl [6.21]
- Cooperate with NAO and provide help, information and explanation [6.29]

We are an accounting, tax, audit, advisory and business services group that delivers a personal experience both digitally and at your door.